

3.6. CLASSIFICATION AND USE OF MACROMOLECULAR DATA

Example 3.6.6.5. *Phasing of the structure of bovine plasma retinol-binding protein (Zanotti et al., 1993) described using data items in the PHASING_MIR and related categories.*

```

_phasing_MIR.entry_id      '1HBP'
_phasing_MIR.method
; Standard phase refinement (Blow & Crick, 1959)
;

loop_
_phasing_MIR_shell.d_res_low
_phasing_MIR_shell.d_res_high
_phasing_MIR_shell.reflns
_phasing_MIR_shell.FOM
15.0  8.3  80  0.69      8.3  6.4  184  0.73
 6.4  5.2  288  0.72     5.2  4.4  406  0.65
 4.4  3.8  554  0.54     3.8  3.4  730  0.53
 3.4  3.0  939  0.50

loop_
_phasing_MIR_der.id
_phasing_MIR_der.number_of_sites
_phasing_MIR_der.details
KAu(CN)2  3
'major site interpreted in difference Patterson'
K2HgI4   6 'sites found in cross-difference Fourier'
K3IrCl6  2 'sites found in cross-difference Fourier'
All      11 'data for all three derivatives combined'

loop_
_phasing_MIR_der_shell.der_id
_phasing_MIR_der_shell.d_res_low
_phasing_MIR_der_shell.d_res_high
_phasing_MIR_der_shell.ha_ampl
_phasing_MIR_der_shell.loc
KAu(CN)2  15.0  8.3  54  26
KAu(CN)2  8.3  6.4  54  20
# - - - abbreviated - - -
K2HgI4   15.0  8.3  149  87
K2HgI4   8.3  6.4  121  73
# - - - abbreviated - - -
K3IrCl6  15.0  8.3  33  27
K3IrCl6  8.3  6.4  40  23
# - - - abbreviated - - -

loop_
_phasing_MIR_der_site.der_id
_phasing_MIR_der_site.id
_phasing_MIR_der_site.atom_type_symbol
_phasing_MIR_der_site.occupancy
_phasing_MIR_der_site.fract_x
_phasing_MIR_der_site.fract_y
_phasing_MIR_der_site.fract_z
_phasing_MIR_der_site.B_iso
KAu(CN)2  1 Au  0.40  0.082  0.266  0.615  33.0
KAu(CN)2  2 Au  0.03  0.607  0.217  0.816  25.9
K2HgI4   1 Hg  0.63  0.048  0.286  0.636  33.7
K2HgI4   2 Hg  0.34  0.913  0.768  0.889  36.7
# - - - abbreviated - - -

_phasing_MIR_der_refl.index_h      6
_phasing_MIR_der_refl.index_k      1
_phasing_MIR_der_refl.index_l      25
_phasing_MIR_der_refl.der_id       HGPT1
_phasing_MIR_der_refl.set_id        'NS1-96'
_phasing_MIR_der_refl.F_calc_au     106.66
_phasing_MIR_der_refl.F_meas_au     204.67
_phasing_MIR_der_refl.F_meas_sigma  6.21
_phasing_MIR_der_refl.HL_A_iso      -3.15
_phasing_MIR_der_refl.HL_B_iso      -0.76
_phasing_MIR_der_refl.HL_C_iso      0.65
_phasing_MIR_der_refl.HL_D_iso      0.23
_phasing_MIR_der_refl.phase_calc    194.48

```

3.6.6.1.6. Phasing data sets

The data items in these categories are as follows:

(a) PHASING_SET

- phasing_set.id
- phasing_set.cell_angle_alpha
- phasing_set.cell_angle_beta
- phasing_set.cell_angle_gamma
- phasing_set.cell_length_a

```

_phasing_set.cell_length_b
_phasing_set.cell_length_c
_phasing_set.detector_specific
_phasing_set.detector_type
_phasing_set.radiation_source_specific
_phasing_set.radiation_wavelength
_phasing_set.temp

```

(b) PHASING_SET_REFLN

- phasing_set_refl.index_h
- phasing_set_refl.index_k
- phasing_set_refl.index_l
- phasing_set_refl.set_id
→ phasing_set.id
- phasing_set_refl.F_meas
- phasing_set_refl.F_meas_au
- phasing_set_refl.F_meas_sigma
- phasing_set_refl.F_meas_sigma_au

The bullet (•) indicates a category key. Where multiple items within a category are marked with a bullet, they must be taken together to form a compound key. The arrow (→) is a reference to a parent data item.

Data items in the PHASING_SET family of categories are homologous to items with related names in the CELL and DIFFRN families of categories. The PHASING_SET categories were added to the mmCIF data model so that intensity and phase information for the data sets used in phasing could be stored in the same data block as the information for the refined structure. It is not necessary to store all the experimental information for each data set (e.g. the raw data sets or crystal growth conditions); it is assumed that the full experimental description of each phasing set would be recorded in a separate data block (see Example 3.6.6.6).

Data items in the PHASING_SET category identify each set of diffraction data used in a phasing experiment and can be used to summarize relevant experimental conditions. Because a given data set may be used in a number of different ways (for example, as an isomorphous derivative and as a component of a multiple-wavelength calculation), it is appropriate to store the reflections in a category distinct from either the PHASING_MAD or PHASING_MIR family of categories, but accessible to both these families (and any similar categories that might be introduced later to describe new phasing methods). Figs. 3.6.6.1 and 3.6.6.2 show how reference is made to the relevant sets from within the PHASING_MAD and PHASING_MIR categories.

Each phasing set is given a unique value of phasing_set.id. The other PHASING_SET data items record the cell dimensions and

Example 3.6.6.6. *The phasing sets used in the structure determination of bovine plasma retinol-binding protein (Zanotti et al., 1993) described with data items in the PHASING_SET and PHASING_SET_REFLN categories.*

```

_phasing_set.id      'NS1-96'
_phasing_set.cell_angle_alpha  90.0
_phasing_set.cell_angle_beta   90.0
_phasing_set.cell_angle_gamma  90.0
_phasing_set.cell_length_a     38.63
_phasing_set.cell_length_b     38.63
_phasing_set.cell_length_c     82.88
_phasing_set.radiation_wavelength  1.5145
_phasing_set.detector_type      'image plate'
_phasing_set.detector_specific  'RXII'

```

```

_loop
_phasing_set_refl.set_id
_phasing_set_refl.index_h
_phasing_set_refl.index_k
_phasing_set_refl.index_l
_phasing_set_refl.F_meas_au
_phasing_set_refl.F_meas_sigma_au
'NS1-96' 15 15 32 181.79 3.72
'NS1-96' 15 15 33 34.23 1.62
# - - - abbreviated - - -

```

3. CIF DATA DEFINITION AND CLASSIFICATION

angles associated with each phasing set, the wavelength of the radiation used in the experiment, the source of the radiation, the detector type, and the ambient temperature.

Data items in the PHASING_SET_REFLN category are used to record the values of the measured structure factors and their uncertainties. Several distinct data sets may be present in this list, with reflections in each set identified by the appropriate value of `_phasing_set_refl.n.set_id`.

3.6.6.2. Refinement

The categories describing refinement are as follows:

REFINE group

Overall description of the refinement (§3.6.6.2.1)

REFINE

REFINE_FUNCT_MINIMIZED

Analysis of the refined structure (§3.6.6.2.2)

REFINE_ANALYZE

Restraints and refinement by shells of resolution (§3.6.6.2.3)

REFINE_LS_RESTR

REFINE_LS_RESTR_NCS

REFINE_LS_RESTR_TYPE

REFINE_LS_SHELL

REFINE_LS_CLASS

Equivalent atoms in the refinement (§3.6.6.2.4)

REFINE_B_ISO

REFINE_OCCUPANCY

History of the refinement (§3.6.6.2.5)

REFINE_HIST

The macromolecular CIF dictionary contains many more data items for describing the refinement process than the core CIF dictionary does. In addition to new items in the REFINE category itself, additional categories have been introduced to describe in great detail the function minimized and the restraints applied, and the history of the refinement process, which often has many cycles. The REFINE_ANALYZE category can be used to give details of many of the quantities that may be used to assess the quality of the refinement. The REFINE_LS_SHELL category allows results to be reported by shells of resolution, and in effect replaces the more general core CIF category REFINE_LS_CLASS.

3.6.6.2.1. Overall description of the refinement

The data items in these categories are as follows:

(a) REFINE

- `_refine.entry_id`
→ `_entry.id`
- `_refine.aniso_B[1][1]`
- `_refine.aniso_B[1][2]`
- `_refine.aniso_B[1][3]`
- `_refine.aniso_B[2][2]`
- `_refine.aniso_B[2][3]`
- `_refine.aniso_B[3][3]`
- `_refine.B_iso_max`
- `_refine.B_iso_mean`
- `_refine.B_iso_min`
- `_refine.correlation_coeff_Fo_to_Fc`
- `_refine.correlation_coeff_Fo_to_Fc_free`
- `_refine.details` (~ `_refine.special_details`)
- + `_refine.diff_density_max`
- + `_refine.diff_density_min`
- + `_refine.diff_density_rms`
- `_refine.ls_abs_structure_details`
- + `_refine.ls_abs_structure_Flack`
- + `_refine.ls_abs_structure_Rogers`
- `_refine.ls_d_res_high`
- `_refine.ls_d_res_low`
- + `_refine.ls_extinction_coef`
- `_refine.ls_extinction_expression`
- `_refine.ls_extinction_method`

- + `_refine.ls_goodness_of_fit_all`
- + `_refine.ls_goodness_of_fit_gt`
- + `_refine.ls_goodness_of_fit_obs`
- `_refine.ls_goodness_of_fit_ref`
- `_refine.ls_hydrogen_treatment`
- `_refine.ls_matrix_type`
- `_refine.ls_number_constraints`
- `_refine.ls_number_parameters`
- `_refine.ls_number_reflns_all`
- `_refine.ls_number_reflns_obs`
(~ `_refine.ls_number_reflns`)
- `_refine.ls_number_reflns_R_free`
- `_refine.ls_number_reflns_R_work`
- `_refine.ls_number_restraints`
- `_refine.ls_percent_reflns_obs`
- `_refine.ls_percent_reflns_R_free`
- `_refine.ls_R_factor_all`
- `_refine.ls_R_factor_gt`
- `_refine.ls_R_factor_obs`
- `_refine.ls_R_factor_R_free`
- `_refine.ls_R_factor_R_free_error`
- `_refine.ls_R_factor_R_free_error_details`
- `_refine.ls_R_factor_R_work`
- `_refine.ls_R_Fsqd_factor_obs`
(~ `_refine.ls_R_Fsqd_factor`)
- `_refine.ls_R_I_factor_obs` (~ `_refine.ls_R_I_factor`)
- `_refine.ls_redundancy_reflns_all`
- `_refine.ls_redundancy_reflns_obs`
- `_refine.ls_restrained_S_all`
- `_refine.ls_restrained_S_obs`
- `_refine.ls_shift_over_esd_max`
(~ `_refine.ls_shift/esd_max`)
- `_refine.ls_shift_over_esd_mean`
(~ `_refine.ls_shift/esd_mean`)
- `_refine.ls_shift_over_su_max`
(~ `_refine.ls_shift/su_max`)
- `_refine.ls_shift_over_su_max_lt`
(~ `_refine.ls_shift/su_max_lt`)
- `_refine.ls_shift_over_su_mean`
(~ `_refine.ls_shift/su_mean`)
- `_refine.ls_shift_over_su_mean_lt`
(~ `_refine.ls_shift/su_mean_lt`)
- `_refine.ls_structure_factor_coef`
- `_refine.ls_weighting_details`
- `_refine.ls_weighting_scheme`
- `_refine.ls_wR_factor_all`
- `_refine.ls_wR_factor_obs`
- `_refine.ls_wR_factor_R_free`
- `_refine.ls_wR_factor_R_work`
- `_refine.occupancy_max`
- `_refine.occupancy_min`
- `_refine.overall_FOM_free_R_set`
- `_refine.overall_FOM_work_R_set`
- `_refine.overall_SU_B`
- `_refine.overall_SU_ML`
- `_refine.overall_SU_R_Cruickshank_DPI`
- `_refine.overall_SU_R_free`
- `_refine.solvent_model_details`
- `_refine.solvent_model_param_bsol`
- `_refine.solvent_model_param_ksol`

(b) REFINE_FUNCT_MINIMIZED

- `_refine_func minimized.type`
- `_refine_func minimized.number_terms`
- `_refine_func minimized.residual`
- `_refine_func minimized.weight`

The bullet (•) indicates a category key. The arrow (→) is a reference to a parent data item. Items in italics have aliases in the core CIF dictionary formed by changing the full stop (.) to an underscore (_) except where indicated by the ~ symbol. Data items marked with a plus (+) have companion data names for the standard uncertainty in the reported value, formed by appending the string `_esd` to the data name listed.

There is already an extensive set of data names in the REFINE category of the core dictionary, and Section 3.2.3.1 should be read with the present section. The only data items discussed in this section are entries in the mmCIF dictionary that do not have a counterpart in the core CIF dictionary. Analogues of a number of *R* factors in the core CIF dictionary have been added to the mmCIF dictionary to express these same *R* factors indepen-